Package: multiCCA (via r-universe)

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`hopkins_vs_components` *Compute Hopkins statistic for increasing numbers of components*

Description

Computes the Hopkins statistic for representations based on increasing numbers of canonical components obtained from an MCCA model.

Usage

```
hopkins_vs_components(
  fit,
  blocks = NULL,
  max_comp = NULL,
  m = NULL,
  nrep = 50,
  seed = NULL
)
```

Arguments

`fit`	Fitted object of class `mcca_fit`.
`blocks`	Vector of block indices included in the representation. If `NULL`, all blocks are used.
`max_comp`	Maximum number of components to evaluate.
`m`	Number of sampled points used in the Hopkins statistic.
`nrep`	Number of repetitions used to estimate the statistic.
`seed`	Optional random seed.

Value

A data frame containing:

- `components` – number of components,
- `hopkins` – mean Hopkins statistic,
- `sd` – standard deviation across repetitions.

Examples

```
set.seed(1)

n <- 20
T_len <- 10

X <- list(
```

```
  lapply(seq_len(n), function(i) matrix(rnorm(T_len * 3), T_len, 3)),
  lapply(seq_len(n), function(i) matrix(rnorm(T_len * 2), T_len, 2))
)

fit <- mcca_fit(method = "kernel", X = X, ncomp = 3)

hopkins_vs_components(fit, max_comp = 2)
```

`mcca_fit` *Fit multiple canonical correlation analysis*

Description

Fits either kernel MCCA for repeated measures data or functional MCCA.

Usage

```
mcca_fit(
  method = c("kernel", "functional"),
  X,
  ncomp = 2,
  eps = 0.001,
  gamma = NULL,
  nbasis = 5,
  basis_type = "fourier",
  argvals = NULL
)
```

Arguments

`method`	Character string specifying the method to use. Either `'kernel'` or `'functional'`.
`X`	List of feature blocks. Each element `X[[l]]` is a list of matrices, where `X[[l]][[i]]` is a `T` x `p_l` matrix representing the observations for subject `i` in block `l`.
`ncomp`	Number of leading canonical components.
`eps`	Regularization parameter.
`gamma`	Gaussian kernel bandwidth for the kernel method.
`nbasis`	Number of basis functions for the functional method.
`basis_type`	Basis type for the functional method. Either `'fourier'` or `'bspline'`.
`argvals`	Optional time grid for the functional method.

Value

An object of class `mcca_fit`. The following S3 methods are available for this class:

- `print()` prints a short summary of the fitted model,
- `summary()` provides a more detailed summary of the model.

Examples

```
set.seed(1)

n <- 20
T_len <- 10

X <- list(lapply(seq_len(n), function(i) matrix(rnorm(T_len * 3), T_len, 3)),
  lapply(seq_len(n), function(i) matrix(rnorm(T_len * 2), T_len, 2)))

fit <- mcca_fit(method = 'kernel',
  X = X,
  ncomp = 2,
  eps = 1e-2)

print(fit)
summary(fit)
```

---

mcca_grid_search *Grid search for tuning parameters in MCCA*

Description

Performs a grid search over regularization and model parameters for kernel or functional multiple canonical correlation analysis.

Usage

```
mcca_grid_search(
  method = c("kernel", "functional"),
  X,
  eps_grid,
  gamma_grid = NULL,
  nbasis_grid = NULL,
  ncomp_eval = 2,
  criterion = c("first", "sumk"),
  basis_type = "fourier",
  argvals = NULL
)
```

Arguments

method	Character string specifying the method. Either 'kernel' or 'functional'.
X	List of feature blocks.
eps_grid	Vector of candidate regularization parameters.
gamma_grid	Vector of candidate kernel bandwidths (kernel method).
nbasis_grid	Vector of candidate numbers of basis functions (functional method).

ncomp_eval	Number of canonical components used in evaluation.
criterion	Criterion used to rank models: 'first' or 'sumk'.
basis_type	Basis type used in functional method: 'fourier' or 'bspline'.
argvals	Optional time grid for functional data.

Value

A list containing:

- results – data frame with grid search scores,
- best_fit – fitted MCCA model for the best parameter set,
- best_row – row of the grid corresponding to the best parameters.

Examples

```
set.seed(1)

n <- 20
T_len <- 10

X <- list(
  lapply(seq_len(n), function(i) matrix(rnorm(T_len * 3), T_len, 3)),
  lapply(seq_len(n), function(i) matrix(rnorm(T_len * 2), T_len, 2))
)

res <- mcca_grid_search(
  method = "kernel",
  X = X,
  eps_grid = c(1e-3, 1e-2),
  gamma_grid = c(0.1, 1),
  ncomp_eval = 2
)

res$best_row
```

---

mcca_pipeline *Run the full MCCA analysis pipeline*

Description

This function performs a complete analysis workflow for multiple canonical correlation analysis (MCCA). It fits either the kernel or functional MCCA model, computes the Hopkins statistic for increasing numbers of components, and produces diagnostic plots.

Usage

```
mcca_pipeline(
  method = c("kernel", "functional"),
  X,
  groups = NULL,
  labels = NULL,
  ncomp = 5,
  eps = 0.001,
  gamma = NULL,
  nbasis = 5,
  basis_type = "fourier",
  argvals = NULL,
  hopkins_blocks = NULL,
  hopkins_max_comp = NULL,
  hopkins_m = NULL,
  hopkins_nrep = 100,
  block_x = 1,
  block_y = 2,
  pair_comp = 1
)
```

Arguments

`method`	Character string specifying the method to use. Either 'kernel' or 'functional'.
`X`	List of feature blocks. Each element `X[[l]]` is a list of matrices, where `X[[l]][[i]]` is a `T x p_l` matrix representing the observations for subject `i` in block `l`.
`groups`	Optional grouping variable used for coloring points in plots.
`labels`	Optional vector of labels used to annotate points in plots.
`ncomp`	Number of canonical components to estimate.
`eps`	Regularization parameter used in the generalized eigenproblem.
`gamma`	Gaussian kernel bandwidth used in the kernel MCCA method.
`nbasis`	Number of basis functions used in the functional MCCA method.
`basis_type`	Basis type used in the functional method. Either 'fourier' or 'bspline'.
`argvals`	Optional time grid used for functional data smoothing.
`hopkins_blocks`	Vector of block indices used when computing the Hopkins statistic. If `NULL`, all blocks are used.
`hopkins_max_comp`	Maximum number of components used when computing the Hopkins statistic. If `NULL`, all available components are used.
`hopkins_m`	Number of sampled points used in the Hopkins statistic.
`hopkins_nrep`	Number of repetitions used when estimating the Hopkins statistic.
`block_x`	Index of the first block used in the pairwise component plot.
`block_y`	Index of the second block used in the pairwise component plot.
`pair_comp`	Index of the canonical component used in the pairwise plot.

Value

A list containing:

- `fit` – fitted MCCA model object.
- `hopkins` – data frame with Hopkins statistic values.
- `pair_plot` – ggplot object with pairwise component scatter plot.
- `hopkins_plot` – ggplot object showing Hopkins statistic versus number of components.

Examples

```
set.seed(1)

n <- 20
T_len <- 10

X <- list(
  lapply(seq_len(n), function(i) matrix(rnorm(T_len * 3), T_len, 3)),
  lapply(seq_len(n), function(i) matrix(rnorm(T_len * 2), T_len, 2))
)

groups <- sample(1:2, n, replace = TRUE)

res <- mcca_pipeline(
  method = 'kernel',
  X = X,
  groups = groups,
  ncomp = 3,
  eps = 1e-2
)

res$fit
head(res$hopkins)
```

`plot_hopkins_curve` *Plot Hopkins statistic curve*

Description

Plots the Hopkins statistic as a function of the number of canonical components.

Usage

```
plot_hopkins_curve(df, title = NULL)
```

Arguments

`df`	Data frame returned by `hopkins_vs_components()`.
`title`	Optional plot title.

Value

A ggplot2 object.

Examples

```
set.seed(1)

n <- 20
T_len <- 10

X <- list(
  lapply(seq_len(n), function(i) matrix(rnorm(T_len * 3), T_len, 3)),
  lapply(seq_len(n), function(i) matrix(rnorm(T_len * 2), T_len, 2))
)

fit <- mcca_fit(method = "kernel", X = X, ncomp = 3)
H <- hopkins_vs_components(fit, max_comp = 2)

plot_hopkins_curve(H)
```

---

plot_mcca_pair *Plot canonical components for two blocks*

Description

Creates a scatter plot comparing canonical components from two blocks.

Usage

```
plot_mcca_pair(
  fit_x,
  fit_y = NULL,
  block_x = 1,
  block_y = 2,
  comp = 1,
  groups = NULL,
  labels = NULL,
  title = NULL
)
```

Arguments

fit_x	Fitted object of class mcca_fit.
fit_y	Optional second MCCA object. If NULL, fit_x is used.
block_x	Block index for x-axis.
block_y	Block index for y-axis.

comp	Component index.
groups	Optional grouping variable.
labels	Optional point labels.
title	Optional plot title.

Value

A ggplot2 object.

Examples

```
set.seed(1)

n <- 20
T_len <- 10

X <- list(
  lapply(seq_len(n), function(i) matrix(rnorm(T_len * 3), T_len, 3)),
  lapply(seq_len(n), function(i) matrix(rnorm(T_len * 2), T_len, 2))
)

fit <- mcca_fit(method = "kernel", X = X, ncomp = 2)

plot_mcca_pair(fit)
```

---

plot_mcca_scatter *Plot canonical components for a single block*

Description

Creates a scatter plot of two canonical components obtained from an MCCA model for a selected block.

Usage

```
plot_mcca_scatter(
  fit,
  block = 1,
  comp_x = 1,
  comp_y = 2,
  groups = NULL,
  labels = NULL,
  add_ellipse = TRUE,
  point_size = 2.5,
  title = NULL
)
```

Arguments

fit	Object of class mcca_fit.
block	Block index.
comp_x	Component used on the x-axis.
comp_y	Component used on the y-axis.
groups	Optional grouping variable.
labels	Optional point labels.
add_ellipse	Logical; whether to draw group ellipses.
point_size	Size of plotted points.
title	Optional plot title.

Value

A ggplot2 object.

Examples

```
set.seed(1)

n <- 20
T_len <- 10

X <- list(
  lapply(seq_len(n), function(i) matrix(rnorm(T_len * 3), T_len, 3)),
  lapply(seq_len(n), function(i) matrix(rnorm(T_len * 2), T_len, 2))
)

fit <- mcca_fit(method = "kernel", X = X, ncomp = 2)

plot_mcca_scatter(fit)
```

---

predict.mcca_fit *Predict canonical component scores for new data*

Description

Projects new observations onto canonical components obtained from a fitted MCCA model (kernel or functional).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcca_fit'
predict(object, newdata, ...)
```

Arguments

object	Object of class mcca_fit.
newdata	List of feature blocks with the same structure as used during model fitting.
...	Additional arguments (unused).

Value

List of matrices containing projected component scores for each block.

Examples

```
set.seed(1)

n <- 20
T_len <- 10

X <- list(
  lapply(seq_len(n), function(i) matrix(rnorm(T_len * 3), T_len, 3)),
  lapply(seq_len(n), function(i) matrix(rnorm(T_len * 2), T_len, 2))
)

fit <- mcca_fit(method = 'kernel', X = X, ncomp = 2)

predict(fit, X)
```

---

summary.mcca_fit *Summarize an MCCA model*

Description

Provides a summary of a fitted MCCA model, including the number of blocks, sample size, regularization parameter, and generalized canonical correlations.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcca_fit'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	An object of class mcca_fit.
...	Additional arguments (currently unused).

Value

An object of class summary.mcca_fit.

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